

# United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/005,040	12/04/2001	Peter J. Klopotek	101646-0006	8441
21125 7	7590 02/09/2005		EXAMINER	
NUTTER MCCLENNEN & FISH LLP			MANTIS MERCADER, ELENI M	
	DE CENTER WEST BOULEVARD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BOSTON, MA 02210-2604			3737	
			D. TE. M. H. ED. 02/02/02	_

DATE MAILED: 02/09/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/005,040	KLOPOTEK, PETER J.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Eleni Mantis Mercader	3737				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 J	lanuary 2005.					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 21-36 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 21-36 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	•				
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed as a composition of the correct and accomposition of the correct a	cepted or b) objected to by the lead of a drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati prity documents have been receive uu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ate atent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 3737

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 01/24/2005 has been entered.

## Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments, see Remarks, filed 1/24/2005, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 21-36 under 102 and 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of the explanation of non-linear propagation of ultrasound through the skin by using shock waves. A new 103 rejection is now instituted. The previous double-patenting rejections are maintained in view of the absence of Terminal Disclaimers.

### Double Patenting

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 4. Claims 21-36 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-41 of U.S. Patent No. 6,325,769. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they represent alternate variations and groupings. The current claims appear to be broader in scope and thereby anticipated by the already patented claims.
- 5. Claims 21-36 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-18 of U.S. Patent No. 6,113,559. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they represent alternate variations and groupings. The current claims appear to be broader in scope and thereby anticipated by the already patented claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 21-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eckhouse US Patent No. 5,626,631 (Eckhouse'631) in view of Cocks et al.'851 US Patent No. 4,825,851.

Eckhouse'631 teaches a light source to create shock waves in a way much like the pulsed lasers (or non-linear propagation of energy through the area of interest) (see col. 2, lines 66-col. 3, line 12). Eckhouse'631 teaches controlling the pulse width of the light source in order to regulate the thermal penetration (see col. 7, lines 11-15). Eckhouse'631 teaches using the device

Art Unit: 3737

to treat wrinkles to thereby change the smoothness of the epidermis (see col. 16, lines 33-40). Eckhouse'631 further teaches cooling of the skin (see col. 13, lines 1-12). It is well within the knowledge of skilled artisans that shock waves necessarily create mechanical disruptions through cavitation as well as elevation of temperature.

Eckhouse'631 does not teach the use of ultrasound for the shock-wave generation or alternatively stated the non-linear propagation of ultrasound through the dermis layer.

In the same field of endeavor, Cocks et al.'851 teaches the interchangeability of ultrasound with laser to create shock waves (see col. 1, lines 30-32). Also, note that Applicant by his own admission in the specification acknowledges the exchangeability.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time that the invention was made to have modified Eckhouse'631 in view of Cocks et al.'851 to deliver ultrasonic energy as opposed to pulsed laser or pulsed light energy as an alternative energy of achieving the same end result of shock wave delivery at the area of interest and in this case the skin.

Application/Control Number: 10/005,040

Art Unit: 3737

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

Page 5

examiner should be directed to Eleni Mantis Mercader whose telephone number is (571) 272-

4740. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Fri., 8:00 a.m.-6:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on (571) 272-4956. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Eleni Mantis Mercader **Primary Examiner** 

Art Unit 3737

EMM ·